

St. Andrews Scots Sr. Sec. School

9th Avenue, I.P. Extension, Patparganj, Delhi-110092

Session: 2025-2026

Class: III

Lesson -5

Subject: Science

Birds

- **Reading of the chapter**
- **Explanation (will be done in class)**

(Textbook Exercises)

A. Tick the correct answer

- 1. (a) Sharp chisel -shaped**
- 2. (c) Swallow**
- 3. (b) Sparrow**
- 4. (b) Tailor**

B. Fill in the blanks

- 1.Down**
- 2.Webbed**
- 3.Flight**
- 4.Boat-shaped**
- 5.Curved**

C. Match the following

- 1.Penguin. (c)**
- 2.Peacock. (e)**
- 3.Duck. (b)**
- 4.Woodpecker (a)**
- 5. Vulture. (d)**

D. Write True or False

1.False

2.True

3.True

4.False

5.True

(Notebook Work)

New Words

1.Nares

2.Hollow

3.Upstroke

4.Downstroke

5.Hooked

6.Chisel-shaped

7.Scratching

8.Fluffy

9.Talons

10.Migration

Short answer questions

1.Name the three types of feathers.

Ans. Down feathers, body feathers and flight feathers.

2. Name two perching birds .

Ans. Crow and sparrow .

3. Why do birds make a nest?

Ans. To lay eggs and to protect themselves from harsh weather and enemies.

4. What kind of beak does a water bird have?

Ans. Broad and flat.

Long answer questions

1. What helps birds in flying?

Ans. Boat-shaped body, hollow bones and wings help birds to fly.

2. Write about the nests of any three birds.

Ans. Tailor Bird makes its nest by sewing two leaves together with its beak.

Weaver Bird makes its nest from twigs and grass.

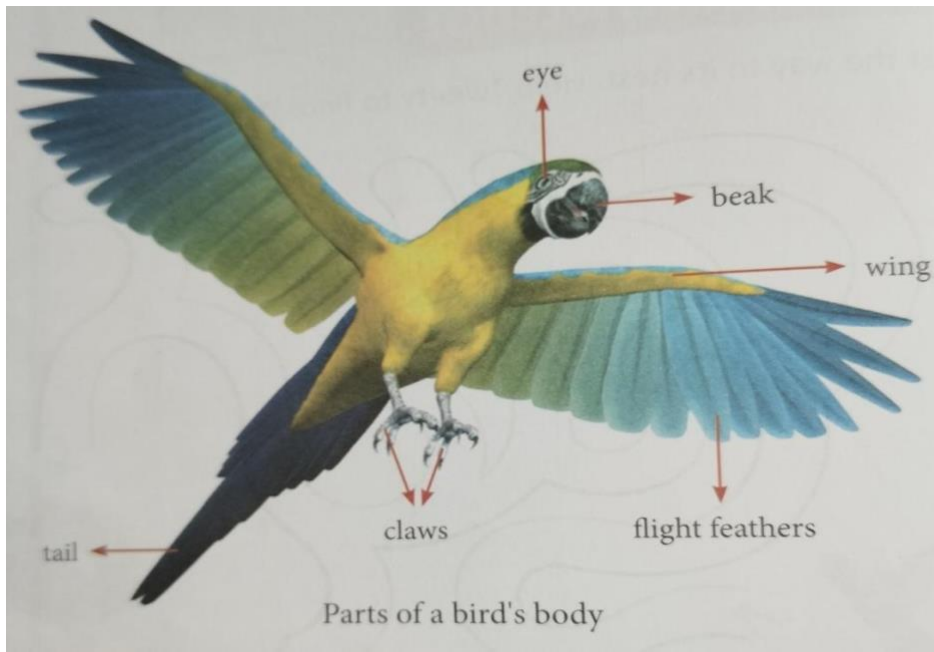
Woodpecker makes its nest in tree trunks.

3. Why do birds have different kinds of beaks and feet?

Ans. Birds have different kinds of beaks and feet because they have different food habits and they have to live in different types of habitat .

Diagrams

Draw a neat and well labelled diagram showing Parts of Bird's body.



Dictation

(Any 10 words)

Activity

Paste two pictures of each in your science notebook:

- * Birds of prey (Eagle, Owl)**
- * Birds having broad and flat beak. (Duck, Swan)**